1 2	ORDINANCE SUMMARY RESOURCE PROTECTION ORDINANCE			
2				
4 5	This ordinance proposes to update the Resource Protection Standards within Chapter VI of the Land Development Regulations to reduce duplicative regulations, while maintaining protection			
6 7	standards consistent with the Comprehensive Plan. Also, the ordinance proposes to include			
7 8	easement dedication in Section 14.00.08, Land Development Regulations, which requires that specific legal criteria be met before dedication of real property or right-of-way, and creates			
9	Section 14.15.04, Land Development Regulations, to identify standards for granting a variance			
10	to the setback requirement from an ordinary high water line, mean high water line, or			
11 12	jurisdictional wetland line.			
13	This ordinance also proposes to amend one definition, add definitions and delete one definition			
14 15	within Chapter II of the Land Development Regulations.			
16 17	Changes are shown as follows: Strikethrough for deletions and Underline for additions to existing Code sections. The notation "* * *" shall mean that all preceding or subsequent text			
18	remains unchanged (excluding any renumbering or relettering that might be needed).			
19				
20	Ordinance No. 2013			
21	AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF LAKE COUNTY,			
22	FLORIDA; AMENDING LAKE COUNTY CODE APPENDIX E, LAND DEVELOPMENT			
23 24	REGULATIONS, CHAPTER II, ENTITLED "DEFINITIONS", TO AMEND THE DEFINITION OF "DESIGNATED SPECIES", DELETE THE DEFINITION FOR "FNAI (S2) RANKED NATURAL			
25	COMMUNITIES", AND ADD DEFINITIONS FOR "GEOTEXTILE CONTAINER", "ISOLATED			
26	WETLANDS", "RIPRAP", "SEAWALL", "UPLAND COMMUNITIES", "VEGETATED OPEN-			
27 28	CELL BLOCK", AND "WILDLIFE CORRIDOR"; AMENDING LAKE COUNTY CODE APPENDIX E, LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS, CHAPTER VI, ENTITLED			
29	"RESOURCE PROTECTION STANDARDS", IN ORDER TO REDUCE DUPLICATIVE			
30 21	REGULATIONS AND MAINTAIN RESOURCE PROTECTION STANDARDS CONSISTENT WITH THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, BY REPEALING SECTION 6.01.00, ENTITLED			
31 32	"WETLANDS PROTECTION", AND CREATING NEW SECTION 6.01.00, ENTITLED			
33	"PROTECTION OF WETLANDS AND WATER BODIES"; REPEALING SECTION 6.02.00,			
34 25	ENTITLED "SHORELINE PROTECTION", AND CREATING NEW SECTION 6.02.00, TO BE ENTITLED "WELLFIELD PROTECTION"; REPEALING SECTION 6.03.00, ENTITLED			
35 36	"WELLFIELD PROTECTION", AND CREATING NEW SECTION 6.03.00, TO BE ENTITLED			
37	"DETERMINATION AND PROTECTION OF NATURAL UPLAND COMMUNITIES, HABITAT			
38	OF DESIGNATED SPECIES, AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS"; AND REPEALING SECTION			
39 40	6.04.00, ENTITLED "NATURAL UPLAND VEGETATIVE COMMUNITIES, HABITAT OF DESIGNATED SPECIES"; AMENDING LAKE COUNTY CODE APPENDIX E, LAND			
41	DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS, CHAPTER XIV, ENTITLED "ADMINISTRATION",			
42	SECTION 14.00.08, ENTITLED "DEDICATION OF REAL PROPERTY AND RIGHT-OF-WAY",			
43 44	TO INCLUDE EASEMENTS AMONG THE DEDICATION OF REAL PROPERTY AND RIGHT-			
45				
46	OF-WAY REQUIRING SPECIFIC LEGAL CRITERIA TO BE MET PRIOR TO DEDICATION;			
	OF-WAY REQUIRING SPECIFIC LEGAL CRITERIA TO BE MET PRIOR TO DEDICATION; AMENDING SECTION 14.15.00 ENTITLED "VARIANCES AND APPEALS", TO PROVIDE FOR VARIANCES TO THE SETBACK FROM THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER LINE, MEAN			
47	OF-WAY REQUIRING SPECIFIC LEGAL CRITERIA TO BE MET PRIOR TO DEDICATION; AMENDING SECTION 14.15.00 ENTITLED "VARIANCES AND APPEALS", TO PROVIDE FOR VARIANCES TO THE SETBACK FROM THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER LINE, MEAN HIGH WATER LINE, OR JURISDICTIONAL WETLAND LINE; PROVIDING FOR			
47 48 49	OF-WAY REQUIRING SPECIFIC LEGAL CRITERIA TO BE MET PRIOR TO DEDICATION; AMENDING SECTION 14.15.00 ENTITLED "VARIANCES AND APPEALS", TO PROVIDE FOR VARIANCES TO THE SETBACK FROM THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER LINE, MEAN			

- 1 **WHEREAS,** on September 22, 2011, the Lake County 2030 Comprehensive Plan 2 became effective, requiring the Land Development Regulations to be updated; and
- WHEREAS, Policy I-1.1.8 of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan requires the County to adopt
 and maintain a set of specific and detailed Land Development Regulations that implement and
 are consistent with the goals, objectives and policies of the Comprehensive Plan; and
- 8 **WHEREAS,** on November 8, 2011, the Board of County Commissioners approved the 9 Land Development Regulation Work Program; and
- WHEREAS, Chapter VI, entitled "Resource Protection Standards", is scheduled on the
 second year Agenda for the Land Development Regulations Work Program; and
 13
- WHEREAS, the Planning & Zoning Board, in its capacity as the Local Planning Agency,
 considered this ordinance and recommended approval at a properly advertised public hearing
 on October 2, 2013; and
- WHEREAS, the Lake County Board of County Commissioners desires to amend 18 Chapter II, LDRs, entitled "Definitions", to repeal and/or replace Sections 6.01.00, 6.02.00, 19 20 6.03.00, and 6.04.00, of Chapter VI, LDRs, entitled "Resource Protection Standards", and to amend Chapter XIV, LDRs, Section 14.00.08, entitled "Dedication of Real Property and Right-21 of-Way" and to create Section 14.15.04, entitled "Variances to setback requirements from an 22 23 ordinary high water line, mean high water line, or jurisdictional wetland line" in order to create and update provisions of the LDRs pertaining to resource protection in accordance with the 24 25 Lake County Comprehensive Plan.
- WHEREAS, on the ____ day of _____, 2013, this Ordinance was heard at a public
 hearing before the Lake County Board of County Commissioners; and
- 29

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- 30 **NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED** by the Board of County Commissioners of Lake 31 County, Florida, that:
- 32
- 33 **Section 1. Recitals.** The foregoing recitals are true and correct and incorporated herein 34 by reference.
- 35

Section 2. Amendment. Chapter II, Lake County Code, Appendix E, Land Development
 Regulations, entitled "Definitions" shall be amended to amend the definition of "Designated
 Species", delete the definition of "FNAI (S2) Ranked Natural Communities", and to create
 definitions for the following terms:

- 40
- 41 Designated Species. Species that have been designated at the Federal or State level as The
 42 endangered, or threatened, or species of special concern. listed in F.S. Ch. 581, §§ 581.185
 43 through 581.187, for flora, Chapter 39, Sections 39-27.003 through 39-27.005, Florida
 44 Administrative Code, for fauna, and 50 CFR 17.11-12 for both flora and fauna.
- 45 ***
 46 FNAI (S2) Ranked Natural Communities. Natural communities occurring within Lake County,
 47 which have been ranked by FNAI as imperiled with extinction (S2). These natural communities
 48 include the following upland communities: scrub; xeric hammock; sinkhole.

1			
1	* * *		
2	Geotextile container. A bag or tube, made of blanket-like synthetic fibers manufactured in a		
3	woven or loose nonwoven manner, used as an agent to hold together a large mass of sand		
4	forming a rigid tubular structure.		
5	* * *		
6			
7 8	Isolated Wetlands. Cypress domes or shallow marshes where no naturally occurring outfall exists.		
8 9	<u>~~\S\S</u> . * * *		
10	Riprap. A sloping retaining or stabilizing structure made to reduce the force of waves and to		
11	protect the shore from erosion, consisting of unconsolidated boulders, rocks, or clean concrete		
12	rubble with no exposed reinforcing rods or similar protrusions.		
13			
14	*** O serve II. A more more than the server and the server to the server		
15	Seawall. A man-made vertical wall or encroachment, except riprap, which is made to break the		
16 17	force of waves and to protect the shore from erosion.		
17 18	* * *		
19	Upland Communities. Those non-wetland, non-aquatic areas not subject to regular flooding.		
20	These include scrub, sandhill, xeric hammock, upland pine forest, mesic hammock, slope forest,		
21	mesic flatwoods and scrubby flatwoods.		
22	* * *		
23	Vegetated open-cell block. A blend of man-made open-cell manufactured block and natural		
24	vegetation to protect shorelines and reduce erosion.		
25			
26	***		
27	Wildlife Corridor. Natural areas that link larger core reserves that facilitate daily or seasonal wildlife movement, allow dispersal that might facilitate gene flow between populations, buffer		
28 29	small populations, or re-colonize vacant areas and allow range shifts in response to catastrophic		
30	events or long-term environmental change.		
	* * *		
31			
32 33	Section 3. Repeal and Replace. Amend Lake County Code, Appendix E, Land Development Regulations, Chapter VI, entitled "Resource Protection Standards", to repeal		
33 34	Section 6.01.00, entitled "Wetlands Protection"; Section 6.02.00, entitled "Shoreline Protection";		
35	Section 6.03.00, entitled "Wellfield Protection"; Section 6.04.00, entitled "Natural Upland		
36	Vegetative Communities, Habitat of Designated Species"; and replace as follows:		
37			
	CHAPTER VI RESOURCE PROTECTION STANDARDS		
38	CHAPTER VIRESOURCE PROTECTION STANDARDS		
39	6.00.00 General Provisions.		
40			
41	6.00.01 Purpose and Intent. The purpose of this Section is to establish those resources or		
42	areas of a Development Site that must be protected from harmful effects of Development. A		
43	Developer should apply the provisions of this Section to a proposed Development Site before		
44	any other Development design work is done. Application of the provisions of this Section will		
45	divide a proposed Development Site into areas that may be Developed and areas that must		
46 47	generally be free of Development Activity. The proposed Development should then be designed to fit within the areas that may be Developed.		
+ /			

to fit within the areas that may be Developed. 47

6.01.00 Protection of Wetlands and Waterbodies.

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6.01.01 Purpose and Intent. The wetlands of Lake County are valuable natural resources which provide beneficial functions contributing to the quality of life of County residents and 5 visitors. It is the purpose of this Section that wetlands be conserved and protected to ensure 6 7 that the natural structure and functional values are maintained. The intent of this Section is no net loss of wetlands whether by functional value or extent within Lake County. 8

6.01.02 Wetland Impacts and Mitigation. The County shall reserve the right to require the 10 protection of wetlands on site and may deny a development proposal that does not meet the 11 standards of Section 6.01.03. If wetland mitigation is allowed, compliance with all federal and 12 state regulations is required. If wetlands are impacted, mitigation shall be performed within the 13 same drainage basin where the loss occurred in order to ensure no net loss of wetland 14 functionality. Solutions that preserve or restore the natural structure and connectivity of 15 wetlands and minimize adverse impacts to wetlands are preferred. 16

18 6.01.03 Development in Wetlands and Waterbodies. Development shall be directed away from the wetlands and conducted in a manner to protect the vegetation, habitat and the water 19 storage, water quantity, water quality, and recharge functions of the wetlands to the maximum 20 extent allowed by law. 21

- 22 A. Methodology for determining wetland boundaries. All wetland boundaries shall be delineated 23 under the provisions of Chapter 62-340, Florida Administrative Code, as ratified by the Florida Legislature in sections 373.421 and 373.4211, Florida Statute. All wetland 24 boundaries, surveys, and delineations are subject to verification and approval by Lake 25 26 County staff, State or Federal agencies with jurisdiction.
- 27 28

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- B. Development allowed in wetlands and water bodies.
- 29 1. Water dependent structures, such as, but not limited to the following, shall be allowed within wetlands: 30
- a. Boat docks; 31 32
 - b. Boat ramps/launches;
 - c. Pile supported walkways:
 - d. Soil erosion control measures; and
 - e. Seawalls, as allowed in 6.01.06.
- All portions of the structure that will be immersed in or touch wetlands and/or surface 36 waters shall be constructed from materials that will not degrade water quality of the 37 wetland and/or surface water, such as, but not limited to non-treated wood and concrete. 38
- 2. County, State, and Federally approved reclamation or restoration projects located on environmentally sensitive lands shall be allowed. 40
- 42 C. Filling or dredging of wetlands and water bodies.
- 1. An approval through the St. Johns River Water Management District, Southwest Florida 43 Water Management District, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, or the Florida 44 Department of Environmental Protection is required to place fill in a wetland. When the 45 fill or dredge project is completed and approved by the appropriate state agency, the 46 land that was filled shall be considered uplands. 47

1	2. Outside the Green Swamp Area of Critical State Concern, Wekiva River Protection Area,		
2	Wekiva River Study Area, and Rural Protection Area, there shall be no dredge or fill		
3	activities in wetlands except as listed below. In those instances where dredge or fill		
4	activities are authorized, the applicant shall demonstrate that there is no other		
5	reasonable, practical, or economical alternative, and that the applicant can adequately		
6	mitigate for the dredge or fill activity.		
7	a. Water dependent activities;		
8	b. As needed for access to the upland portion of a site;		
9	c. As needed for internal traffic circulation and for purposes of public safety, where		
10	other alternatives do not exist;		
11	d. Utility transmission and collection lines;		
12	e. Pretreated storm water management if approved by the jurisdictional agency;		
13	f. Mining that meets local, state and federal regulations;		
14	g. Low quality wetlands on a parcel(s) proposed for development where:		
15	(1) Eighty percent (80%) or more of the wetland area to be impacted contains		
16	invasive plant species; and		
17	(2) Impacts do not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the combined low quality		
18	wetland; and		
19	(3) All jurisdictional agency permits are obtained prior to commencement of		
20	development.		
21	h. Isolated wetlands on a parcel(s) proposed for development where:		
22	(1) a parcel(s) proposed for development consists of at least 70% uplands; and		
23	(2) The entire upland area must be planned and approved for development before		
24	dredge or fill activities in isolated wetlands can take place. If the approved		
25	development is to be completed in phases, the entire upland area of the currently		
26	proposed phase must be planned and approved for development before any		
27	wetland areas within that phase or in any future phase may be impacted; and		
28	(3) Impacts shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the combined isolated		
29	wetland area; and		
30	(4) All jurisdictional agency permits are obtained prior to commencement of		
31	development.		
32	i. Permitted man-made wetlands or man-made surface waters that:		
33	(1) Were created within the last 15 years; and where		
34	(2) All jurisdictional agency permits are obtained prior to commencement of		
35	development.		
36	3. Within the Green Swamp Area of Critical State Concern, Wekiva River Protection Area,		
37	Wekiva Study Area, and Rural Protection Areas, there shall be no dredge or fill activities		
38	in wetlands except as listed below. In those instances where dredge or fill activities are		
39	authorized, the applicant must demonstrate that there is no other reasonable, practical		
40	or economical alternative, the applicant can adequately mitigate for the dredge or fill		
41	activity, and without the dredge or fill activity the property owner will be deprived of		
42	reasonable use of the property.		
43	a. Water dependent activities, which includes uses and structures such as docks,		
44	platforms, and pile-supported walkways or similar structures;		
45	b. As needed for access to the site;		
46	c. As needed for internal traffic circulation and for purposes of public safety, where		
47	other alternatives do not exist:		
48	d. Utility transmission and collection lines;		
49	e. Pretreated storm water management if approved by the jurisdictional agency; or		
50	f. Mining that meets local, state and federal regulations.		

1 2 D. Surface and groundwater withdrawal impacts on wetlands. The County shall coordinate 3 with the water management districts to limit groundwater and surface water withdrawals which may cause adverse impacts upon natural water bodies, wetlands, and wetland-4 5 dependent ecosystems. 6 7 6.01.04 Development near Wetlands and Waterbodies. If any wetlands are present on a property proposed for development, the County shall require that a wetland survey and 8 9 delineation be conducted, in accordance with 6.01.03.A, above. 10 11 A. Setbacks. 12 1. Principal structures, structures, buildings, and impervious surface, excluding water dependent structures, shall be located at least (50) feet from the ordinary high water line, 13 mean high water line, or jurisdictional wetland line, whichever is further landward. 14 15 Exceptions to this requirement are listed below: a. Additions to a residence may be allowed, if the addition: 16 (1) Does not extend beyond the existing permitted footprint of the residence; or 17 (2) Meets the required 50-foot setback from the ordinary high water line, mean high 18 water line, or jurisdictional wetland line. 19 b. Development approved prior to September 22, 2011 with a wetland setback of less 20 than 50 feet shall be allowed to maintain the approved setback and shall not be 21 considered nonconforming; this includes approved variances, waivers, average 22 setbacks and plats. 23 c. Upland lots with a developable area of either less than 30 feet in width or less than 24 30 feet in depth, as measured landward from the jurisdictional wetland line provided: 25 (1) The lot is a developable Lot of Record, or the lot was legally created through a 26 development order prior to March 2, 1993; and 27 (2) The maximum developable area shall be limited to 30 feet in width or depth; and 28 (3) In no case shall the jurisdictional wetland line setback be less than 20 feet; and 29 (4) The first one inch (1") of storm water runoff shall be captured on site; and 30 (5) Development must be constructed as far landward on the lot as possible. 31 d. Average setback determination on lots that front on a canal. On lots that cannot meet 32 the 50 foot setback requirement and front on a canal an average setback meeting 33 the following requirements shall be allowed: 34 (1) The two closest principal structures or dwelling units on the same side of the 35 36 canal shall be used for the average setback determination. (2) The applicant shall provide written permission from each owner of the structure 37 or dwelling unit to allow the measurement at the site. 38 e. A variance to the setback requirements listed above, as provided in Chapter 14. 39 2. Septic tank drain field systems. Septic tank drain fields shall be set back 100 feet from 40 the mean high water line or the jurisdictional wetland line, whichever is further landward. 41 Administrative adjustments may be granted as follows: 42 a. Development on lots legally created on or before March 2, 1993, and all Lots of 43 Record that cannot meet the 100-foot setback from the mean high water lines of 44 lakes and wetlands, or the jurisdictional wetland line for placement of the drain field, 45 if the lot would otherwise be deemed unbuildable; 46 47 b. Such adjustment may be granted to allow the placement of the septic tank drain field 48 as far landward as possible, to have the least impact on surface waters and wetlands; 49 c. All setbacks shall be consistent with state law; and 50

1 d. Any on-site wastewater system approved with an administrative adjustment shall be an advanced treatment systems or alternative system designed to remove nutrients 2 from the effluent. 3 4 5 B. Buffers around wetlands on new development sites for non-agriculture uses. To minimize 6 erosion, stabilize the shoreline, protect water quality, preserve fish and wildlife habitat, and 7 also to preserve the aesthetic values of the natural watercourse and wetlands areas, an 8 upland buffer shall be required on new development sites for non-agricultural uses as provided below. 9 10 Native vegetation within buffers shall be preserved. Buffers without native vegetation shall 11 12 be re-vegetated with indigenous habitat to protect the quality of the adjacent isolated wetland, wetland system, river or stream. 13 14 1. Standard Buffers. A 50 foot wide natural buffer shall be provided adjacent to all isolated 15 or non-isolated wetlands, and rivers/streams; all buffers shall be shown on plats, site 16 plans, and construction plans associated with plats and site plans, and identified as an 17 upland buffer. 18 2. Variable Buffers, outside of the Green Swamp Area of Critical State Concern. Where 19 20 more extensive buffering is necessary to protect higher quality wetlands, or where the required buffer makes a lot unbuildable, the County may allow a variable upland buffer, 21 as provided below: 22 23 Minimum (feet) Average (feet) Wetland System Isolated 15 50 Non-isolated 25 50 **Rivers/Streams** 50 100 24 3. Variable buffers within the Green Swamp Area of Critical State Concern. For properties 25 located within the Green Swamp Area of Critical State Concern, variable buffers may be 26 allowed as follows: 27 Minimum (feet) Wetland System Average (feet) Isolated 25 75 Non-isolated 75 25 **Rivers/Streams** 50 100 28 29 4. Existing development. Developments approved prior to September 22, 2011 with an upland buffer of less than 50 feet shall be allowed to maintain the buffer width as 30 approved in the prescribed ordinance or development order and shall not be considered 31 32 nonconforming; this includes any type of approved variance or waiver. 5. Location. Buffers shall start landward from the mean high water line or jurisdictional 33 wetland line, whichever is further landward. 34 6. Uses allowed within buffers shall be limited to: 35 a. Passive recreation activities; 36 37 b. Limited storm water facilities; c. Water dependent structures, such as, but not limited to, fishing piers, boat 38 39 ramps/launch, docks, and walkways; 40 d. Activities that protect nesting, feeding, or habitat areas for designated species, or support the propagation of other native species; 41

1 2 3	 <u>e. Activities that protect an archaeological or historical site;</u> <u>f. Activities that retard or eliminate soil erosion problems;</u> <u>g. Activities that are designed to manage exotic/nuisance vegetation in accordance with</u> 		
4 5	<u>a County approved management plan; and</u> <u>h. Wildlife monitoring stations.</u>		
6			
7	C. Conservation Easements. To the extent practicable and allowed by law and pursuant to		
8	Chapter XIV (Dedication of Real Property, Right-of-Way, and Easements), wetlands within a		
9	project shall remain undeveloped and protected in perpetuity through the use of		
10	<u>conservation easement, or similar recorded and legally binding instrument (including plat</u> restrictions), that runs with the land and establishes the conditions and restrictions on the		
11 12	use. If an easement is dedicated, it shall be dedicated to one or a combination of the		
13	following, prior to development:		
14 15	 Conservation agency such as Florida Department of Environmental Protection or St. Johns River Water Management District; 		
16	Non-profit conservation organization or land trust; or		
17	 Lake County, subject to County approval. 		
18	The easement or similar instrument shall require that wetlands and upland buffers be		
19	maintained in perpetuity in their natural and unaltered state, except for activities and uses		
20	allowed therein and removal of invasive vegetation or other actions required as a condition		
21	of the permitting agencies. To the extent practicable, wetlands shall not be included as part		
22 23	of any platted lot, other than a lot platted as a common area, which shall be dedicated for preservation or passive recreational use, to the extent allowed by law. This provision shall		
25 24	not be interpreted in a manner that would prevent or impair direct water access from		
25	properties having riparian rights.		
26			
20 27	6.01.05 Removal of Shoreline Vegetation.		
28	A. Removal of shoreline vegetation shall comply with State regulations, Chapters 68F-20 and		
29	18-20, Florida Administrative Code, or their successors.		
30	B. In addition, the following requirements shall apply to all lakeshores and water bodies greater		
31	than ten (10) acres in size and to all rivers, streams, and springs:		
32	1. Clearing of native shoreline vegetation above the mean high water line (MHWL) shall be		
33	limited to 20% or 30 feet of the total linear shoreline (whichever is less). The remainder		
34	of the shoreline must remain vegetated. No wetland trees greater than four inches (4")		
35	in caliper (dimension at breast height) or any endangered plants may be removed from		
36	the shoreline, however, limited tree removal and relocation of endangered plants may be		
37	permitted for dock and access walkway construction, when no other option exists.		
38 39	2. Clearance of nuisance or invasive plants along shorelines outside the exempt area (described above) is required for all new development and redevelopment. Such clearing		
39 40	shall be subject to state permitting criteria.		
40 41	3. All use of herbicides is subject to Chapter 68F-20, F.A.C., or its successors.		
42	4. It is permissible to have an access corridor for swimming and boating within the littoral		
43	zone up to 30 feet in width. This corridor can be kept free of aquatic vegetation below		
44	the MHWL if done by hand.		
45	5. The placement of sand along shorelines to create beaches is prohibited unless such		
46	sand is contained so that it cannot enter into the water body and is not placed in an		
47	adjacent wetland.		

1 C. Water bodies less than 10 acres in size shall be subject to these regulations if hydrologically connected to Outstanding Florida Waters, navigable water bodies, or other special waters. 2 3 4 6.01.06 Seawalls. New seawalls shall be allowed along the shoreline of canals, but avoided 5 along springs, lakes, rivers, and streams except where no reasonable alternative exists for the protection of shorelines. Planting of shoreline and aquatic vegetation is the preferred method 6 7 of protecting shorelines from erosion. 8 Should shoreline hardening be required to protect property from erosion by adjacent waters, Α. 9 the following methods should be used: 10 1. Riprap: 2. Vegetated open-cell block; 11 12 3. Geo-textile container; or 4. Similar, non-vertical systems. 13 B. Erosion from upland runoff shall be controlled by shoreline vegetation or berm and swale 14 svstems. 15 16 6.02.00 Wellfield Protection. Wellfield protection is regulated by the Florida Department of 17 Environmental Protection, the St. Johns River Water Management District, Southwest Water 18 Management District, and/or the Florida Department of Health in Lake County, as applicable. 19 20 6.03.00 Determination and Protection of Natural Upland Communities, Habitat of 21 **Designated Species, and Wildlife Corridors.** 22 **6.03.01 Purpose and intent.** The purpose of this Section is to protect the following natural 23 resources in Lake County from potential negative impacts associated with Land Development, 24 as shown below. It is the intent of this Section to provide standards necessary to protect 25 designated species and associated habitats, and Natural Upland Communities within the 26 27 County that are rare or endangered due to development impacts. It is also the intent of this Section to provide standards for land to be set aside for the protection of designated species 28 habitat, and rare and endangered Natural Upland Communities. The following natural resources 29 shall be protected: 30 31 32 A. Designated species that occur in Lake County; 33 34 B. Natural Upland Communities in which designated species are found, including sufficient 35 habitat for feeding, nesting, roosting, resting, traveling and migration so as to maintain viable 36 populations of designated species; and 37 38 C. Natural Upland Communities, to include the following and associated wildlife:

Natural Upland Community	Florida Land Use & Cover Classification System (FLUCCS) Designation
Palmetto Prairie	<u>321</u>
Pine Flatwoods	<u>411</u>
Longleaf Pine/Xeric Oak	<u>412</u>
Sand Pine Scrub	<u>413</u>
Pine, Oak and Hickory	<u>423</u>
Temperate Hardwoods	<u>425</u>
Xeric Hammock	<u>427</u>

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1			
2	6.03.02 Determination of Natural Upland Communities, Habitat of Designated Species,		
3	and Wildlife Corridors. An inventory or survey shall be provided for all development proposals		
4	prior to any clearing or grubbing of the development site at the required time of submittal		
5	pursuant to Chapter XIV of these regulations, unless otherwise exempted.		
6			
7	6.03.03 Standards for Sites Containing Natural Upland Communities.		
8	A. Exemptions. The following activities are exempt from these minimum standards:		
9	4. Read construction maintee of the Read of Ocumbe Ocumpication and that most an		
10	1. Road construction projects of the Board of County Commissioners that meet an		
11	overriding public interest and for which no suitable alternative route exists.		
12 13	 Agriculture and silviculture practices. Agriculture and silviculture practices as defined in Chapter II, so long as such activities are in accordance with best management practices. 		
15 14	and consistent with all federal and state laws pertaining to designated species.		
14 15	and consistent with all rederal and state laws pertaining to designated species.		
16	B. Minimum Preservation Requirements.		
17	1. A minimum of fifty (50) percent of each natural upland community occurring on the site		
18	shall be preserved as open space, unless the County Manager or designee approves		
19	mitigation.		
20	2. Additional natural upland community areas preserved beyond the fifty (50) percent		
21 22	<u>minimum shall be encouraged.</u> 3. To the greatest extent practical, preserved open space shall be adjacent to other areas		
22	of preserved open space to provide larger blocks and/or corridors.		
23 24	of preserved open space to provide larger blocks and/or confiders.		
25	C. Management Plan Required. Preserved upland community sites containing 50 or more		
26	acres shall be required to submit a management plan that will be subject to review and		
27	approval by the County Manager or designee and shall contain the following:		
28	1. An aerial map at a scale of one (1) inch equals two hundred (200) feet when available,		
29	and one (1) inch equals four hundred (400) feet otherwise, showing:		
30	a. The habitat classification according to Florida Land Use Covers and Classification		
31	System (FLUCCS) or FNAI;		
32	b. An overall description of the community showing the general vegetation structure		
33	and composition, landscape position, soils, and hydrology; and		
34	c. The areas to be preserved, including the habitat.		
35	2. Recommended management activities to be undertaken to ensure the preservation of		
36	the area in its natural state and viability of the species in the area.		
37	3. A plan that specifies implementation activities, schedules and assignment of		
38	responsibilities.		
39	D. Mitigation The property owner may mitigate by contributing funds in lieu of protecting		
40 41	D. Mitigation. The property owner may mitigate by contributing funds in lieu of protecting		
41 42	<u>Natural Upland Communities on-site so long as it is determined that such contribution will</u> result in "no net loss" of habitat. The funds shall be allocated toward a County or regional		
42 43	designated species mitigation site, administered by the County, USFWS or FFWCC.		
44	Assessments shall be based upon the acreage of occupied habitat impacted that would		
45	otherwise be required to be preserved under this section.		
46			
47	6.03.04 Requirements Where Site Contains Designated Species, and/or Wildlife Corridor		
47 48	for Such Species. Sites containing designated species and/or wildlife corridors for such		
48 49	species are regulated by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and/or the		
50	United States Fish and Wildlife Service.		
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6.04.00. Reserved.

4 **Section 4. Amendment.** Chapter XIV, Lake County Code, Appendix E, Land 5 Development Regulations, entitled "Administration" shall be amended to read as follows 6 (renumbering or relettering will be completed, as needed):

- 8 **14.00.00 Generally.**
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14.00.08 Dedication of Real Property, <u>and</u> Right-of-Way, or <u>Easement</u>. Before an applicant
 is required to dedicate any real property, <u>or</u>-right-of-way, <u>or easement</u> as a condition of issuing
 a development order, the following criteria Shall be satisfied:

* * *

A. An individual determination by the County Manager or designee must be made that there is
 a nexus or connection between the need for additional real property or right-of-way and the
 proposed development. Legitimate considerations include but are not limited to the amount
 of real property or right-of-way needed to provide utilities, adequate maintenance of the
 roadway, drainage for that roadway and to generally provide for a safe and obstruction-free
 thoroughfare; and

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B. An individual determination must be made by the County Manager or designee that the amount of real property or right-of-way required is roughly proportional to the impacts of the proposed development. The County Manager or designee Shall consider the nature of the development and the extent of real property or right-of-way necessary as a result of the impact of the development. In determining the extent of the right-of-way needed, the legitimate considerations set forth in Subsection A. above Shall be considered.

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14.15.04 Variance to the setback requirement from an ordinary high water line, mean high water line, or jurisdictional wetland line. A variance to the setback requirements from an ordinary high water line, mean high water line, or jurisdictional wetland line may be granted if:
 A. The lot is a developable Lot of Record, or the lot was legally created through a development order prior to March 2, 1993; and

- B. All other remedies have been exhausted, such as a variance to all other setback
 requirements; and
- 36 C. The maximum developable area shall be limited to 30 feet in width or depth; and
- 38 D. The first one inch (1") of storm water runoff shall be captured on site; and
- 40 E. Development is constructed as far landward on the lot as possible.

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43 **14.15.0<u>5</u>4** Application and Public Hearing.

The applicant Shall file with the County an application specifying the Land Development Regulation(s) from which a variance is requested, the type of action requested, the specific facts that would justify a variance, and the reason why the variance would serve the purposes of the

1 underlying Land Development Regulation. Upon determination that the application is complete, the Board of Adjustment Shall conduct a public hearing to consider the variance application. 2 3 The Board Shall consider the staff report and evidence presented at the hearing to make its 4 decision. The Board of Adjustment may make the granting of a variance conditional upon such alternate or additional restrictions, stipulations, and safeguards as it may deem necessary to 5 insure compliance with the intent of the Land Development Regulations and the Comprehensive 6 7 Plan and to minimize any injurious effect of the variance. Violation of such conditions and 8 safeguards when made a part of the terms under which a variance is granted Shall be deemed a violation of these Land Development Regulations. 9

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11 **14.15.0<u>6</u>5** Appeals.

- A. Purpose. The purpose of this Section is to provide for procedures and processes to allow appeals in
 cases where persons disagree with the decision or interpretation of the County with respect to the
 administration of the Land Development Regulations.
- 15 B. Filing Requirements. Any person who disagrees with a decision or interpretation of the County 16 Manager or designee or alleges there is an error in any requirement, decision or determination made 17 by the Floodplain Administrator in the administration and enforcement of the floodplain regulations 18 may appeal to the Board of Adjustment by filing a written notice of appeal within thirty (30) calendar 19 days after the date of the action or decision complained of. The written notice of appeal Shall set forth 20 concisely the action or decision appealed as well as the grounds upon which the appeal is based. 21 Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Board of Adjustment may appeal such decision to the 22 Circuit Court, as provided by law.
- C. Stop Work Order. In order to preserve the status quo while the parties' rights are being determined,
 the County Manager or designee Shall have the authority to issue a stop work order if the appealed
 action or decision permits construction to commence or continue.
- D. Hearing. The appeal Shall be set for hearing at the next regularly scheduled Board of Adjustment
 Meeting for which adequate notice can be provided. The Board of Adjustment Shall hear and
 consider all facts material to the appeal and render a decision. The Board of Adjustment may affirm,
 reverse or modify the action or decision appealed from, provided that the Board of Adjustment Shall
 not take any action which conflicts with or nullifies any of the provisions of the Land Development
 Regulations or the Comprehensive Plan.
- E. Order on Appeal. After the hearing, the Board of Adjustment Shall consider all of the evidence offered
 and Shall render a verbal decision based upon such evidence. The verbal decision of the Board of
 Adjustment Shall be reduced to writing. The decision of the Board of Adjustment Shall constitute final
 administrative review.

* * *

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38 **Section 5. Severability.** If any section, sentence, clause or phrase or the Ordinance is 39 held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding 40 shall in no way effect the validity of the remaining portion of this Ordinance.

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42 **Section 6. Inclusion in the Code.** It is the intent of the Board of County Commissioners 43 that the provisions of this Ordinance shall become and be made a part of the Lake County Code 44 and that the sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word 45 "ordinance" may be changed to "section", "article" or such other appropriate word or phrase in 46 order to accomplish such intentions.

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Section 7. Filing with the Department of Section 7. Filing with the Department of Section 8. Effective. This Ordinance shall a of the State.	ce to the Secretary of State for the State of
8	Enacted this day of	, 2013.
9	Filed with the Secretary of State	, 2013.
10 11 12 13	ATTEST:	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF LAKE COUNTY, FLORIDA
14 15 16 17 18	Neil Kelly, Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners of Lake County, Florida	Leslie Campione, Chairman
19	Approved as to form and legality:	
20		
21 22 23	Sanford A. Minkoff County Attorney	