1	ORDINANCE SUMMARY			
2	NONCONFORMING DEVELOPMENT			
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4	This ordinance proposes to amend Chapters I, II, III, IX, and XI of the Lake County Land			
5	Development Regulations (LDR), entitled "General Provisions", "Definitions", "Zoning District			
6	Regulations", "Development Design and Improvement Standards" and "Signs". This ordinance			
7	will update the LDR to meet all requirements of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan relating to			
8	nonconformities. Generally this ordinance does the following:			
9				
10	· Clarifies and reorganizes the sections relating to nonconforming development and			
11	nonconforming uses that are currently in various locations throughout the LDRs.			
12	• Updates regulations for existing lots nonconforming to density requirements, for compliance			
13	with the Comprehensive Plan.			
14	Provides for additions to a single-family dwelling unit that is nonconforming to the width, roof			
15	pitch or overhang requirements.			
16	 Provides definitions for nonconforming structures and nonconforming uses. 			
17	Places all regulations relating to nonconformities in Chapter I of the LDRs. Sections moved			
18	include, nonconforming parking lots, signs, impervious surface, open space, clustering,			
19	landscaping and setbacks.			
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21	Changes are shown as follows: Strikethrough for deletions and Underline for additions to			
22	existing Code sections. The notation "* * *" shall mean that all preceding or subsequent text			
23	remains unchanged (excluding any renumbering or relettering that might be needed).			
24				
25	Ordinance No. 2013			
26	AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF LAKE COUNTY,			
27	FLORIDA; AMENDING THE LAKE COUNTY CODE, APPENDIX E, LAND DEVELOPMENT			
28 29	REGULATIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER I, ENTITLED "GENERAL PROVISIONS", SECTION 1.08.00, ENTITLED "NONCONFORMING DEVELOPMENT", IN ORDER TO PROVIDE FOR			
29 30	CONTINUATION OR TERMINATION OF NONCONFORMING DEVELOPMENT AS			
31	PRESCRIBED BY THE LAKE COUNTY 2030 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, AND TO			
32	INCORPORATE PROVISIONS RELATED TO NONCONFORMITIES FROM OTHER			
33	CHAPTERS OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER II,			
34 25	ENTITLED "DEFINITIONS", IN ORDER TO ADD DEFINITIONS FOR NONCONFORMING			
35 36	STRUCTURES AND NONCONFORMING USES; AMENDING CHAPTER III, ENTITLED "ZONING DISTRICT REGULATIONS". SECTION 3.02.00. ENTITLED "BULK			

"ZONING DISTRICT **REGULATIONS**", SECTION 3.02.00, ENTITLED **"BULK** 36 **REGULATIONS", IN ORDER TO REPEAL LOT OF RECORD PROVISIONS AND DELETE** 37 PROVISIONS RELATED TO NONCONFORMITIES TO BE INCORPORATED IN CHAPTER I, 38 39 LDR, BY THIS ORDINANCE, AND AMENDING SECTION 3.07.00, ENTITLED "ADULT ENTERTAINMENT ESTABLISHMENTS", IN ORDER TO REPEAL PROVISIONS RELATED 40 TO NONCONFORMING ADULT ENTERTAINMENT USES TO BE INCORPORATED IN 41 42 CHAPTER I, LDR, BY THIS ORDINANCE; AMENDING CHAPTER IX, ENTITLED "DEVELOPMENT DESIGN AND IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS", SECTION 9.03.00, 43 ENTITLED "OFF-STREET PARKING REGULATIONS", IN ORDER TO REPEAL 44 PROVISIONS RELATED TO NONCONFORMING PARKING LOTS TO BE INCORPORATED 45

IN CHAPTER I, LDR, BY THIS ORDINANCE; AND AMENDING CHAPTER XI, ENTITLED 1 "SIGNS", IN ORDER TO REPEAL SECTION 11.03.00, ENTITLED "PROVISION FOR 2 CONVERTING EXISTING NONCONFORMING SIGNS TO GROUND SIGNS", TO BE 3 INCORPORATED IN CHAPTER I, LDR, BY THIS ORDINANCE; PROVIDING FOR 4 SEVERABILITY: PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE CODE: PROVIDING FOR FILING 5 WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE. 6 7 WHEREAS, on September 22, 2011, the Lake County 2030 Comprehensive Plan 8 became effective, requiring the Land Development Regulations to be updated; and 9 WHEREAS, on November 8, 2011, the Board of County Commissioners approved the 10 Land Development Regulation Work Program; and WHEREAS, the amendments to Chapter 1 of the LDR, entitled "General Provisions", 11 which includes provisions regarding Vesting and Nonconformities, is scheduled on the first year 12 Agenda for the Land Development Regulations Work Program; and 13 14 **WHEREAS,** the Planning & Zoning Board, in its capacity as the Local Planning Agency, considered this ordinance and recommended approval at a properly advertised public hearing 15 on February 6, 2013; and 16 17 WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners (the "Board") desires to amend Chapters I, II, III, IX and XI, LDR, to bring the LDR into conformity with the 2030 Comprehensive 18 19 Plan by adding, amending and relocating regulations pertaining to nonconformities; 20 21 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of County Commissioners of Lake 22 County, Florida, that: 23 Section 1. Recitals. The foregoing recitals are true and correct and incorporated 24 25 herein by reference. 26 Section 2. Amendment. Section 1.08.00, Lake County Code, Appendix E, Land 27 28 Development Regulations, entitled "Nonconforming Development", shall be amended to read as 29 follows: 30 1.08.00 - Nonconforming Development. 31 32 33 **1.08.01** Defined. The following provisions apply to Nonconforming Development as defined in 34 Chapter II. 35 36 1.08.02 Normal Maintenance. Normal maintenance and incidental repair of a lawful 37 nonconformity Shall be permitted provided that such maintenance and repair does not violate any other Section of these Regulations and is in full compliance with all building and technical 38 codes adopted by Lake County. 39 40

1.08.023 Continuation of Nonconforming Development. <u>A lawful nonconforming use or</u>
 <u>structure can continue in its nonconforming state.</u>

Subject to the provisions below for terminating Nonconforming Development, such uses and
 development may, if otherwise lawful, remain in use in their nonconforming state.

A. It may be expanded as provided below:

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- 1. Minor expansions to uses or structures nonconforming to the Comprehensive Plan may be made to meet regulatory requirements so long as the expansion does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the nonconforming use or structure. The ten percent (10%) shall be based on the use or structure as it existed on September 22, 2011.
- 2. Modification or rebuilding of a nonconforming communication tower in order to accommodate co-location of additional communication antennas shall be allowed so long as the tower is of the same type (e.g., monopole, lattice, guyed, etc.) and there is no increase in height.
- 3. Adding to the size of a single-family dwelling unit that is non-conforming due to the minimum width, roof pitch, or overhang requirement may be allowed, provided that:
 - a. A mobile home, travel trailer, recreational vehicle or the like shall not be used as the addition; and
 - b. The expansion shall meet all other requirements of these Land Development Regulations and the Florida Building Code.

23 **1.08.04 Termination of Nonconforming Development.**

A. Generally.Nonconforming development Shall be brought into full compliance with the other requirements of these Regulations, in conjunction with the following activities:

- B. Repair or reconstruction of nonconforming structures.
 - Any expansion, change, enlargement, or alteration of a use or development in any way which increases its nonconformity. This Shall not be construed to include nNormal maintenance and incidental repair (e.g., painting, providing for a new replacing a roof, replacing windows or doors, rescreening an existing porch, etc.) is allowed., nor Shall it include the modification or rebuilding of a nonconforming communication tower in order to accommodate co-location of additional communication antennas so long as the tower is of the same type which existed and there is no increase in height.
- 36 2. Reconstruction of the pPrincipal or accessory structures, other than signs, may be repaired or reconstructed after the structure has been damaged or substantially 37 destroyed by fire or other natural disaster as long as a certificate of occupancy is issued 38 for the rebuilt nonconforming principal or accessory structure within two (2) years from 39 the date that it was damaged or destroyed and so long as the nonconformity is not 40 increased. A structure is "substantially destroyed" if the cost of reconstruction is fifty (50) 41 percent or more of the fair market value of the structure before the fire or natural 42 43 disaster. If there are multiple principal structures on a site, the cost of reconstruction Shall be compared to the combined fair market of all the structures. A nonconforming 44 development may continue if, within two (2) years from the date that the principal 45 structure was substantially destroyed, a Certificate of Occupancy is issued for the rebuilt 46 principal structure. 47

1 2	3.	Interior Sstructural alteration, as defined in Chapter II (Structural Work and Alteration), is allowed.	
2	4. Structural alteration required to resolve a safety issue as determined by the Building		
4	Official or Fire Official.		
5	4.	Any change in the use of the property, whereby a change from one Use Classification	
6	identified in Subsection 3.01.03 to another Use Classification constitutes a change in the		
7		use of the property. This Shall not be construed to include normal maintenance and	
8		incidental repair (e.g., painting, providing for a new roof, rescreening an existing porch,	
9		etc.).	
10	5.	The discontinuance of any nonagricultural use or development for twelve (12)	
11		consecutive months or the registration of a business tax receipt for which the expiration	
12		has exceeded one (1) year.	
13	6.	The discontinuance of any agricultural uses (not requiring a CUP) for fifteen (15)	
14		consecutive years.	
15	7	The substantial improvement of any nonconforming development that does not comply	
16		with the drainage and flood hazard area requirements of the Land Development	
17		Regulations.	
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19		pair or reconstruction of a nonconforming sign.	
20	<u>1.</u>	Normal maintenance and incidental repair (e.g., painting, re-facing, interchange of	
21	2	letters) is allowed.	
22 23	<u>∠.</u>	Repair or rebuilding of a sign that has been destroyed or damaged where the replacement of materials is involved is allowed, provided that such replacement shall not	
24		exceed 50% of the structural materials in the sign within any 24 month period.	
25	<u>3.</u>	Existing nonconforming Pole and roof signs, made nonconforming by the Land	
26		Development Regulations, may be relocated to a ground sign of the same size, subject	
27	4	to any required permits.	
28 29	<u>4.</u>	If the provisions of Section 479.15(3)-(6), Florida Statutes, relating to outdoor advertising would apply to a sign, a hearing shall be held before the Board of County	
30		Commissioners for the purpose of determining whether the owner of the nonconforming	
31		sign is permitted to relocate the sign or whether the County will compensate the owner	
32		for its removal. The Board's determination shall be based upon the amount of just	
33 34		compensation due the owner, the current location of the sign, the proposed relocation site, and any other factors applicable to the removal of the sign.	
34 35	R Nor	conforming Signs. In addition to the requirements above the following Shall apply:	
35 36		Nonconforming signs Shall be brought into full compliance with the other requirements of	
30 37		signs chair be brought into rair compliance with the other requirements of best sequences of the sequences o	
38	the	a. Any structural or mechanical extension or change which expands the nonconformity;	
39		b. Repair or rebuilding of a sign that has been destroyed or damaged to the extent of	
		fifty (50) percent or more of its replacement value.	
40 41		mity (ou) percent of more of its replacement value.	
41	1 09 0	3. Nonconforming Uses.	
	1.00.0	5. Noncomonning 0585.	
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1	<u>A.</u>	Generally. The continuation or reestablishment of nonconforming uses previously existing,	
2	prior to the effective date of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan (September 22, 2011) is allowed,		
3	unless:		
	4 <u>1. There is a change of use from one Use Classification identified in Subsection 3.0</u>		
	5 <u>another Use Classification;</u>		
6 7		 There is an expansion, change, enlargement or alteration of a use, which increases its nonconformity in any way; 	
7 8		3. The nonconforming use is discontinued or abandoned for a period of eighteen (18)	
9		months;	
10		4. An agricultural use, not requiring a CUP, is discontinued for fifteen (15) consecutive	
11		years;	
12		5. The use is determined to be inconsistent with the character of the surrounding	
13		community to such an extent as to cause an adverse impact to the public interest, as	
14		determined by the Board of County Commissioners, at a regularly scheduled public	
15		hearing:	
16		6. Any adult entertainment establishment existing prior to November 16, 2000 and not	
17		meeting all requirements of Chapter 3, Article IV of the Lake County Code shall be	
18	Р	considered a nonconforming use.	
19 20	<u>D.</u>	Nonconforming Landscaping. For landscaping that is nonconforming due to Sections 9.01.00 and 9.02.00, Land Development Regulations, the following shall apply:	
20 21		1. Existing development shall comply with the landscape and tree protection regulations of	
22	<u>1. Existing development shall comply with the landscape and tree protection regulations of Sections 9.01.00 and 9.02.00, Land Development Regulations when the floor area of a</u>		
23	<u>Sections 9.01.00 and 9.02.00, Land Development Regulations when the floor area of a</u> principal structure or parking area is increased by fifty (50) percent or more.		
24	 Increases in area of a new structure, construction of an additional structure, parking area 		
25	or vehicular use area of less than fifty (50) percent, shall require only the new structure,		
26	addition, increased parking area or increased vehicular use area to be buffered in		
27	accordance with the provisions of Section 9.01.00.		
28	3. Nonconforming landscaping shall not be required to be brought into compliance as a		
29	result of a natural disaster.		
30	C. Nonconforming Parking Lots.		
31	1. Nonconforming off-street parking shall be required to be brought into compliance with		
32	Section 9.03.00, Land Development Regulations, if there is:		
33	a. An increase in floor area, volume, capacity or space that is added to structures; or,		
34	b. A change in business type or activity that would require additional parking.		
35	D. Setbacks (side, rear and secondary frontage) for Nonconforming Lots. Structures that are		
36	built on lots that meet Section 1.08.04.B.8 (Existing Lots Nonconforming to the Density		
37	Requirements) of this Section, or that do not meet the minimum Lot size of the Zoning		
38	District, or that have a width of one hundred fifty (150) feet or less in the "A" Agriculture.		
39	"RA" Ranchette, "AR" Agricultural Residential or "R-1" Rural Residential Zoning Districts		
40	shall meet the following side and rear setbacks:		
41		Table 1.08.04 Nonconforming Lots –	
42		Setback Requirements Notes: 1,2 and 3	
		Zoning Nonconforming Lots (setbacks in feet).	
l		District	
		<u>A</u> <u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	

	RA	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	AR	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>R1</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>R2</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>R3</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>R4</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>R6</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>R7</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>R10</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
	<u>RP</u>	Ten (10) feet for any building not exceeding	
		two (2) stories.	
		Ten (10) feet plus fifteen (15) feet for each	
		story in excess of two (2).	
	<u>RM</u>	<u>5 SF, 5 AB</u>	
1	<u>SF – Single-Family Dw</u>	elling Unit AB - Accessory Building	
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2	Note 1. All setbacks for structures shall be measured from the exterior wall of the		
3	structure or structural component, excluding eaves or overhangs.		
4	Note 2. A secondary front yard setback shall be established for corner lots and double		
5	frontage lots as follows: lots less than seventy-five (75) feet in width shall maintain a		
6 7	secondary front yard setback of fifteen (15) feet. For lots of seventy-five (75) feet and		
	greater, a secondary front yard setback shall be established at twenty-five (25) feet. Note 3. The setbacks for common private docks shall be as shown in Chapter X, Land		
8 9			
10	Development Regulations ("Accessory and Temporary Structures and Uses").		
10	E. Nonconforming Wetland Setbacks (excluding canals). Development approved prior to September 22, 2011, with a wetland setback of less than 25 feet shall be considered		
12	nonconforming and shall not be allowed to develop closer to the wetlands (unless vested		
13	under Chapter 1, Land Development Regulations). However, additions to a residence may		
14	be allowed, if the addition does not extend beyond the existing rear and sides of the		
15	residence.		
16	F. Impervious Surface Ratio (ISR) calculated on nonconforming lots. A nonconforming lot shall		
17	meet the ISR of the zoning district or Future Land Use Category, whichever is more		
18 19	stringent.		
20	<u>G. Existing lots nonconforming to open space and clustering requirements. Lots of record, lots</u> meeting the provisions of 1.08.04.B.8 of this Section ("Existing lots nonconforming to the		
21	density requirements) and lots existing on September 22, 2011, shall be exempt from open		
22	space and clustering requirements of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan, provided that said lots		
23 24	<u>are not further subdivided.</u> <u>H. Existing lots nonconforming to density requirements.</u> If the requirements specified below		
24 25	are met, the lot will be considered a buildable lot subject to all other requirements of the		

1 2 3	Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Regulations. This exception relates to density only; development undertaken pursuant to this section shall be consistent with and subject to all other provisions of the Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Regulations.		
4 5	If a lot, or combination of lots, meets one of the criteria listed below (1 through 5), an exception to the densities established by the Comprehensive Plan shall be granted:		
6 7 8 9 10	1. There shall be an exception to the density requirements for lots which were legally created by a deed dated and recorded in the Public Records of Lake County, Florida on or before May 20, 1981. A dwelling unit and accessory uses thereto, may be permitted on the lot, or combination of lots, provided that each of the following requirements are		
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 met: a. The lot shall front on a publicly maintained road, or an easement. If the lot fronts on an easement, the easement must connect to a publicly maintained road, and the lot shall be within 1,320 feet of the publicly maintained road; b. The lot shall be accessible by public safety and other public service providers; c. The lot shall have a minimum frontage of forty (40) feet; and d. The lot shall contain a minimum of 12,500 square feet (excluding open water 		
17 18 19 20	d. The fot shall contain a minimum of 12,500 square feet (excluding open water bodies), unless the lot is served by central water and wastewater utility service. Contiguous lots may be combined into one or more lots in order to meet the criteria set forth in this section.		
21 22 23 24 25 26	If the lot fronts on an easement that is within 1,320 feet from a publicly maintained road as described above, the property owner(s) shall execute a legal document wherein the property owner(s) agrees to be subject to a special assessment for road improvements should the County obtain the necessary right-of-way and elect to improve the road through the special assessment process. Lake County shall record said document in the public records of Lake County, at the owner's cost.		
27 28 29 30 31 32	2. There shall be an exception to the density requirements of the Comprehensive Plan for a lot or combination of lots created through a subdivision approved by the Board of County Commissioners and recorded in the Public Records of Lake County in Plat Books 1 through 22 or lots created through one of the following Recognized Unrecorded Subdivisions.		
32	 <u>Astor Forest Campsites</u> <u>Belmont Heights Unit 2</u> <u>Blue Creek Point</u> <u>Deerhaven</u> <u>Forest Acres</u> <u>Forest Park</u> <u>Forest Ridge</u> <u>Grovewood</u> <u>H.O. Peters and Associates</u> <u>Oak Ridge</u> <u>Pittman</u> <u>Ravenswood</u> <u>River Road Acres</u> <u>Robbins Heights</u> 		

		 St. Johns Waterfront Est. 1st Add.
		Sunnyside Shores
		Villa City
		Villa City Shores
		Western Shores
1		
1 2		A dwelling unit and accessory uses thereto, may be permitted on the lot, or combination of lots, provided that each of the following requirements are met:
3		a. The lot shall front on a publicly maintained road, or an easement. If the lot fronts on
4		an easement, the easement must connect to a publicly maintained road, and the lot
5		shall be within 1320 feet of a publicly maintained road;
6		b. The lot shall be accessible by public safety and other public (i.e. sanitation)
7		agencies;
8		c. The lot shall have a minimum frontage of forty (40) feet; andd. The lot shall contain a minimum of 12,500 square feet (excluding open water)
9 10		bodies), unless the lot will be served by central water and wastewater utility service.
11		Contiguous lots may be combined into one or more lots in order to meet the criteria set
12		forth in this section.
13		If the lot fronts on an easement that is within 1320 feet from a publicly maintained road
14		as described above, the property owner(s) shall execute a legal document wherein the
15		property owner(s) agrees to be subject to a special assessment for road improvements
16		should the County obtain the necessary right-of-way and elect to improve the road
17		through the special assessment process. Lake County shall record said document in
18		the public records of Lake County, at the owner's cost.
19	<u>3.</u>	There shall be an exception to the density requirements of the Comprehensive Plan for
20		lots or combination of lots described in Paragraphs "1" or "2" above but that do not meet
21		the requirements contained therein. A dwelling unit and accessory uses thereto, may be
22		permitted on the lot, or combination of lots, if one of the following criteria is met:
23		a. The owner demonstrates that on March 2, 1993 such lot was owned by the owner or
24 25		their predecessor in title and no contiguous lots were owned by the owner or their predecessor in title on that date;
25 26		b. Contiguous lots owned by the owner or predecessor in title on March 2, 1993 have
27		been aggregated so that the aggregated lots meet the minimum density of the Future
28		Land Use Category or a minimum of five (5) acres (excluding open water bodies),
29		whichever creates the least density; or
30		c. All contiguous lots owned by the owner or their predecessor in title on March 2, 1993
31		have been aggregated.
32	<u>4.</u>	There shall be an exception to the density requirements of the Comprehensive Plan for a
33		lot within any plat beginning with Plat Book 23, which has met all requirements at the
34		time it was approved by the Board of County Commissioners and recorded in the Public
35 26		Records of Lake County. A dwelling unit and accessory uses thereto may be permitted
36	-	on the lot.
37 20	<u>5.</u>	There shall be an exception to the density requirements to the Comprehensive Plan for
38 39		any lot for which a final Lot of Record determination was completed and approved by Lake County, in accordance with terms and conditions of such approval in place prior to
39 40		the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan. A dwelling unit and accessory uses thereto
40 41		may be permitted on the lot.

1	Section 3. Amendment. Chapter 2, Lake County Code, Appendix E, Land			
2 3	Development Regulations, entitled "Definitions", shall be amended to add the following definitions in alphabetical order:			
4 5	***			
6	Nonconforming Structures. A structure that is no longer allowed by current regulations, due			
7 8	to its size, location or other characteristic.			
° 9	Nonconforming Uses. The prior lawful use of a parcel, including but not limited to, setbacks,			
10	landscaping, impervious surface, parking, open space, clustering and density on a parcel which			
11	is no longer allowed by current regulations.			
12				
13 14	***			
15 16				
17	3.02.00 Bulk Regulations			
18	3.02.01 <u>Reserved. Lot of Record.</u>			
19	A. Generally.			
20	1. A Lot of Record Shall be issued a Building Permit if the Lot of Record meets the			
21	requirements of Subsections 3.02.01A.1.a, 3.02.01.A.1.b., OR 3.02.01.A.1.c:			
22	a. If a Lot of Record:			
23	1. Is not in the Wekiva River Protection Area;			
24 25	2. Meets the minimum Lot size requirements of the Land Use Category on the Future Land Use Map in the March 2, 1993 Comprehensive Plan, excluding			
26	enture Land Use Map in the March 2, 1993 Comprehensive Plan, excluding open water bodies;			
27	3. Meets the minimum Lot size requirement of 12,500 square feet;			
28	4. Fronts on a publicly maintained Road; and			
29	5. Adheres to the requirements of Subsection 3.02.01.B and 3.02.01.E;			
30	b. If a Lot of Record:			
31	1. Is in the Wekiva River Protection Area;			
32	2. Meets the minimum Lot size requirement of the zoning category in place on			
33	March 12, 1990, or 12,500 square feet, whichever is greater, excluding open			
34	water bodies;			
35 26	 Fronts on a publicly maintained Road; and Adheres to the requirements of Subsections 3.02.01.B, and 3.02.01.E. 			
36	4. <u>พนทธารร เบ เทราสนุนทรทายแร บาวนมรุสมแบทร่ว.02.01.</u> D, สิทิน ว.02.01.E.			

1	c. If a Lot of Record adheres to all of the requirements of Subsections 3.02.01.B
2	through 3.02.01.E.
2	2. The minimum Lot size requirement for the Suburban and Transitional Land Use
4	Categories Shall be one (1) acre.
5	3. Notwithstanding Subsections 3.02.01.A.1, if a Final Lot of Record Determination was
6	issued prior to November 16, 1993, then a Building Permit Shall be issued for the Lot
7	of Record if the requirements of Subsections 3.02.01.B, and 3.02.01.E are met.
, 8	4. Notwithstanding Subsections 3.02.01.A.1, if a Final Lot of Record Determination was
9	issued on or after November 16, 1993, then a Building Permit Shall be issued for the
10	Lot of Record if the requirements of Subsection 3.02.01 are met.
11	B. Septic Tanks and Sewage Disposal Systems. A Lot of Record of any size which meets
12	the minimum Lot size requirements of Chapter 10D-6, Florida Administrative Code, Shall
13	be allowed.
14	C. Road Requirement. A Lot of Record created by a recorded plat must have Road
15	Frontage of at least forty (40) feet.
16	D. Aggregation of Lots.
17	1. Except Wekiva. In addition to meeting Subsection 3.02.01.D.3, an Applicant Shall
18	adhere to the Subsection which produces the least density of Subsections
19	3.02.01.D.1.a., 3.02.01.D.1.b, or 3.02.01.D.1.c.
20	a. If Abutting Lots of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993,
21	then as many of the Abutting Lots of Record as necessary Shall be aggregated
22	so that the aggregated Lots of Record are consistent with the Lot size
23	requirements of the Land Use Category on the Future Land Use Map in the
24	March 2, 1993 Comprehensive Plan. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do
25	not meet the Lot size requirements of the Land Use Category on the Future Land
26	Use Map in the March 2, 1993 Comprehensive Plan, then only one Building
27	Permit Shall be issued.
28	b. If a Lot of Record fronts on a publicly maintained Road and Abutting Lots of
29	Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, then as many of the
30	Abutting Lots of Record as necessary Shall be aggregated so that the
31	aggregated Lots of Record meet the minimum Lot size of 12,500 square feet,
32	excluding open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet
33	the minimum Lot size of 12,500 square feet, excluding open water bodies, then
34	only one Building Permit Shall be issued.
35	c. IF (1) a Lot of Record does NOT front on a publicly maintained Road and (2)
36	Abutting Lots of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993,
37	THEN as many of the Abutting Lots of Record as necessary Shall be aggregated
38	so that the aggregated Lots of Record meet the minimum Lot size of five (5)
39	acres, excluding open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do
40	not meet the minimum Lot size of five (5) acres, excluding open water bodies,
41	then only one Building Permit Shall be issued.

1 d. Example One. If, on March 2, 1993, a Person owned twenty five (25) Lets of Record, each centaining 1,000 square feet, zond R.1 (formerly RR), in Urban Future Land Use Category, and all were on a publicly maintained Read, then ne more than two (2) Building Permits Shall be issued. (25,000/12,500 = 2); 5 e. Example Two. If, on March 2, 1993, a Person owned twenty-five (25) Lets of Record, each containing 1,000 square feet, zond R.1 (formerly RR), in Rural Future Land Use Category, and all were on a publicly maintained Read, then only one (1) Building Permit Shall be issued. (25,000 square feet is less than five (6) acres); 10 f. Example Three. If, on March 2, 1993, a Person owned-twenty-five (26) Lets of Record, each containing 1,000 square feet, zoned R.1 (formerly RR), in Urban Future Land Use Category, and none were on a publicly maintained Read, then only one (1) Building Permit Shall be issued. (Nonpublicly-maintained Read less than five (6) acres = one Building Permit). 12 Wekiva. In addition to meeting Subsection 3:02:01-D.3, an Applicant-Shall adhere to the Subsection which produces the least density of Subsections 3:02:01.D.2.a. or 3:02:01.D.2.b. 18 a. If a Lot of Record fronts on a publicly maintained Read and Abutting Lots of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, then as many of the Abutting Lots of Record ac necessary Shall be aggregated so that the aggregated Lots of Record des necessary Shall be aggregated so that the aggregated Lots of Record des necessary Shall be aggregated so that the aggregated Lots of Record des necessary Shall be aggregated so that the Abutting Lots of Record meet the minimum Lot size of the zoning district in place on March 12, 1900 or 12;500 square feet, whichever is greater, excluding open water bodies. If all of		
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19Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, then as many of the20Abutting Lots of Record as necessary Shall be aggregated so that the21aggregated Lots of Record meet the minimum Lot size of the zoning district in22place on March 12, 1900 or 12,500 square feet, whichever is greater, excluding23open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet the Lot24size requirements of the zoning district in place on March 12, 1990 or 12,50025square feet, whichever is greater, excluding open water bodies, then only one26Building Permit Shall be issued.27b. If a Lot of Record does NOT front on a publicly maintained Road and Abutting28Lots of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1903, then as29many of the Abutting Lots of Record as necessary Shall be aggregated so that30the aggregated Lots of record meet the minimum Lot size or five (5) acres,31excluding open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet32the minimum Lot size of five (5) acres, excluding open water bodies, then only33one Building Permit Shall be issued.343. Prior to the date that a Final Lot of Record Determination or Building Permit is35issued, the owner Shall execute and Lake County Shall record in the Public36Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the37subdivision of the aggregated Lots.384. Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common39ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing	17	3.02.01.D.2.b.
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 23 open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet the Lot 24 size requirements of the zoning district in place on March 12, 1990 or 12,500 25 square feet, whichever is greater, excluding open water bodies, then only one 26 Building Permit Shall be issued. 27 b. If a Lot of Record does NOT front on a publicly maintained Road and Abutting 28 Lots of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, then as 29 many of the Abutting Lots of Record as necessary Shall be aggregated so that 20 the aggregated Lots of record meet the minimum Lot size or five (5) acres, 21 excluding open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet 22 the minimum Lot size of five (5) acres, excluding open water bodies, then only 23 one Building Permit Shall be issued. 24 and Building Permit Shall be issued. 25 excluding Open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet 26 the minimum Lot size of five (5) acres, excluding open water bodies, then only 27 one Building Permit Shall be issued. 28 and the owner Shall execute and Lake County Shall record in the Public 29 Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the 29 subdivision of the aggregated Lots. 31 Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common 39 ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the 30 owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	21	aggregated Lots of Record meet the minimum Lot size of the zoning district in
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 square feet, whichever is greater, excluding open water bodies, then only one Building Permit Shall be issued. b. If a Let of Record does NOT front on a publicly maintained Road and Abutting Lets of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, then as many of the Abutting Lets of Record as necessary Shall be aggregated so that the aggregated Lets of record meet the minimum Let size or five (5) acres, excluding open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lets of Record do not meet the minimum Let size of five (5) acres, excluding open water bodies, then only one Building Permit Shall be issued. 3. Prior to the date that a Final Let of Record Determination or Building Permit is issued, the owner Shall execute and Lake County Shall record in the Public Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the subdivision of the aggregated Lets. 4. Lake County Shall determine whether Lets of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the owner of a Let of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	23	open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet the Lot
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 32 the minimum Lot size of five (5) acres, excluding open water bodies, then only 33 one Building Permit Shall be issued. 34 3. Prior to the date that a Final Lot of Record Determination or Building Permit is 35 issued, the owner Shall execute and Lake County Shall record in the Public 36 Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the 37 subdivision of the aggregated Lots. 38 4. Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common 39 ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the 40 owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	30	the aggregated Lots of record meet the minimum Lot size or five (5) acres,
 33 one Building Permit Shall be issued. 34 3. Prior to the date that a Final Lot of Record Determination or Building Permit is issued, the owner Shall execute and Lake County Shall record in the Public Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the subdivision of the aggregated Lots. 38 4. Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	31	excluding open water bodies. If all of the aggregated Lots of Record do not meet
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 35 issued, the owner Shall execute and Lake County Shall record in the Public 36 Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the 37 subdivision of the aggregated Lots. 38 4. Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common 39 ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the 40 owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	33	one Building Permit Shall be issued.
 36 Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the 37 subdivision of the aggregated Lots. 38 4. Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common 39 ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the 40 owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	34	3. Prior to the date that a Final Lot of Record Determination or Building Permit is
 37 subdivision of the aggregated Lots. 38 4. Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common 39 ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the 40 owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	35	issued, the owner Shall execute and Lake County Shall record in the Public
 4. Lake County Shall determine whether Lots of Record were under common ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public 	36	Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost, a legal document prohibiting the
39ownership as of March 2, 1993, by utilizing the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll. If the40owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public	37	subdivision of the aggregated Lots.
40 owner of a Lot of Record can produce a deed that was recorded in the Public	38	
	39	
41 Records of Lake County after the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll was published and	40	
	41	Records of Lake County after the 1992 Lake County Tax Roll was published and

1	prior to March 2, 1993, then Lake County Shall rely of the recorded deed to
2	determine common ownership.
3	E. Road Dedication and Special Assessment. Prior to the date that a Final Lot of Record
4	Determination or Building Permit is issued, the property owner Shall comply with
5	Subsection 9.04.03.B and execute a legal document wherein the property owner agrees
6	to be subject to a special Assessment for Road Improvements, including dedication of
7	required Right-of-Way consistent with Lake County's Road Policy. Lake County Shall
8	record said document in the Public Records of Lake County, at the owner's cost. The
9	dedication of the required Right-of-Way Shall not affect the calculations for aggregation
10	of Lots or setbacks. For example, if a twenty-five (25) foot by one hundred (100) foot Lot
11	is required to dedicate one (1) foot of Right-of-Way, the Lot Shall still be considered to
12	have two thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet (25 × 100 = 2,500), not two
13	thousand four hundred (2,400) square feet (24 × 100 = 2400) AND the Lot Shall still be
14	considered to have a length of one hundred (100) feet, not ninety-nine (99) feet.
15	F. Exception to Lot of Record Definition. If a Lot does not meet the Lot of Record definition
16	set out in Chapter 2, the County Manager or designee may determine that if a deed was
17	executed, witnessed, and notarized prior to May 20, 1981, and created a parcel of Land

County until May 20, 1981, or later, the Lot is a Lot of Record.

19 20

18

21

22 3.02.05 Setbacks

- 23
- 24

by metes and bounds, but the deed was not recorded in the Public Records of Lake

	Front		
Zoning District	Existing Development	New Development	
A RA R1 R2 R3 R4 R6 R7 R10 RP RM	Property adjacent to state, federal, and County secondary highways Shall maintain a 50-foot setback from the highway ROW for any structure. Property adjacent to Roads other than state, federal, and County secondary highways Shall maintain, for any structure, a setback of 62 feet from the centerline of the Road or 25 feet from the Road ROW, whichever is greater	Property adjacent to state, federal, and County secondary highways Shall maintain a 50-foot setback from the highway ROW for any structure. Property adjacent to Roads other than state, federal, and County secondary highways Shall maintain a 25- foot setback from the ROW for any structure or 50 feet from the centerline of the traveling surface of a prescriptive Road. The side and rear setbacks for a farm Building Shall be 25 feet. In the RP and RM districts, in the case of internal easements for ingress or egress, where such easements have been legally	

		created, the setback Shall be 25 feet from the ROW easement.	
	Side and Rear		
	New Development and Existing Development With Conforming Lots	Existing Development With Nonconforming Lots	
A	25 SF 25 FB 25 AB	- 5 SF 25 FB - 5 AB	
RA	25 SF 25 FB 25 AB	- 5 SF 25 FB - 5 AB	
AR	25 SF 25 FB 25 AB	- 5 SF 25 FB - 5 AB	
R1	10 SF 25 FB 10 AB	- 5 SF 25 FB - 5 AB	
R2	10 SF 10 AB	- 5 SF - 5 AB	
R3	5 SF 5 AB	- 5 SF - 5 AB	
R4	5 SF 5 AB	- 5 SF - 5 AB	
R6	5 SF 5 AB	- 5 SF - 5 AB	
R7	5 SF 5 AB	– 5 SF – 5 AB	
R10	5 SF 5 AB	- 5 SF - 5 AB	
RP	See Note 2	See Note 2	
RM	5 SF 5 AB	– 5 SF – 5 AB	

FB - Farm Building 1

2 SF - Single family

5

7

8 9

- 3 AB - Accessory Building
- Note 1. All setbacks for structures Shall be measured from the exterior wall of the structure 4 or structural component, excluding eaves or overhangs.
- 6 Note 2. The Building Line from any rear or side property line Shall be:
 - (a) For any Building not exceeding two (2) stories, ten (10) feet.
 - (b) For any Building exceeding two (2) stories in height, ten (10) feet plus fifteen (15) feet for each story in excess of two (2).

1	Note 3. A secondary front yard setback Shall be established for Corner Lots and Double
2	Frontage Lots. The following setbacks Shall apply:
3	(a) Ongoing Development - Lots less than seventy-five (75) feet in width Shall maintain
4	a secondary front yard setback of fifteen (15) feet. For Lots of seventy-five (75) feet
5	and greater, a secondary front yard setback Shall be established at twenty-five (25)
6	feet.
7	(b) New Development Shall maintain a secondary front yard setback of fifteen (15) feet.
8	Note 4. The applicable setbacks Shall apply to common private docks as set out in
9	Subsection 10.04.01.
10 11	Note 5. See Subsection 3.01.04, Note 1, for the setback for a Livestock Building.

- 12 **3.02.06 Density, Impervious Surface, Floor Area, and Height Requirements.** The minimum
- 13 Lot size Shall be in accordance with gross acreage requirements for each zoning district listed
- 14 in Table 3.02.06.

	Maximum Density* ¹	Maximum FAR* ²	Maximum ISR* ³	Height (feet)
A	1 DU/5 AC	.10	.10* ⁴	40
RA	1 DU/5 AC	.10	.10* ⁴	40
AR	1 DU/2 AC	.20	.25* ⁴	40
R1	1 DU/AC	.20	.30*4	40
R2	2 DU/AC	.30	.35	40
R3	3 DU/AC	.30	.35	40
R4	4 DU/AC	.40	.45	40
R6	6 DU/AC	.40	.55	40

R7	8 DU/AC	.40	.65	40
R10	10 DU/AC	.50	.65	40
RP	8 DU/AC	.50	.65	40
RM	8 DU/AC	.50	.65	40
RMRP	8 DU/AC	.50	.65	40
RV	Subsection 3.02.08.K	.60	.75	40
A-1-20	1 DU/20 NET AC	.025	.025	40
A-1-40	1 DU/40 NET AC	.0125	.0125	40
Urban Compact Node	5.5 DU/NET AC	.40	.55	40
C1		.50	.70	50
C2		.70	.70	50
C3		1.0	.70	50
СР		2.0	.70	50
LM		1.0	.70	50
НМ		1.0	.80	50

MP	_	1.0	.80	50
CFD		1.0	.80	50
Density in the Future Land L Density point s Note 2. FAR: Note 3. ISR: Development. zoning district conforming Lo would utilize the Zoning District Note 4. The	imum allowable Density refers t Urban, Urban Expansion, and Su Jse Map is determined by the zou system. See Section 3.03 for deterr Floor Area Ratio. FAR applies on Impervious Surface Ratio. ISR A nonconforming Lot which does r Shall utilize the ISR Category w t. For example, a 16,000 square he ISR for the "R-3" Zoning Distri- (.10). Maximum ISR may be increased to Impervious Surfaces.	burban areas as c ning district and b nination of maximu y to non-residentia applies to both re ot meet the minim nich is closest to foot Lot in the "A ot (.35) rather than	lepicted on the L y the urban area im Density in the I Development. sidential and no um Lot size requ the actual area " Agricultural Zo the ISR for "A"	ake County a residential se areas. onresidential irement of a of the non- ning District ' Agriculture

Section 5. Amendment. Section 3.07.00, Lake County Code, Appendix E, Land Development Regulations, entitled "Adult Entertainment Establishments", shall be amended as follows:				

3.07.03 <u>Reserved.</u> Nonconforming Uses. Any adult entertainment establishment existing prior to adoption of the Lake County Adult Entertainment Code and not meeting all requirement of the Lake County Adult Entertainment Code Shall be considered a nonconforming use.			equirements	
Section Development follows.	n 6. Amendment. Section 9. Regulations, entitled "Off-Street		• • • •	
Development		Parking Regulatic	• • • •	
Development follows.	Regulations, entitled "Off-Street	Parking Regulatio	• • • •	

B. Increased Floor area, volume, capacity, space occupied. Where a Conforming Building or
 Use existed as of February 4, 1992, and such Building or Use is increased in Floor area,
 volume, capacity, or space occupied, off-Street parking Shall be provided for the Additional
 area, volume, capacity, or space so created and used.

5 C. Change in use. A change of Use of a Building or Use existing as of February 4, 1992, Shall
 6 require Additional off-Street parking in compliance with requirements of this Section for the
 7 new use.

8 9

10 **Section 7. Amendment.** Section 11.03.00, Lake County Code, Appendix E, Land 11 Development Regulations, entitled "Provision for Converting Existing Nonconforming Signs to 12 Ground Signs, shall be repealed and reserved.

13 11.03.00 <u>Reserved.</u> Provision for Converting Existing Nonconforming Signs to Ground
 14 Signs.

15 To encourage those affected owners of pole and roof signs, made nonconforming by this

16 ordinance, to bring those signs into conformance, owners may relocate the sign assembly from

17 an existing support system to a ground sign. If such relocation takes place within twelve (12)

18 months from the date of adoption of this ordinance, the owners of such sign shall be entitled to:

19 1. An exemption from the maximum square footage requirements of the ground sign code if
 20 utilizing the existing sign face currently located on the parcel.

- 21 2. An exemption from the maximum height requirements of the ground sign code if utilizing
 22 the existing sign face.
- 23 3. A waiver of associated permitting fees.
- 24

Section 8. Severability. If any section, sentence, clause or phrase or the Ordinance
 is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding
 shall in no way effect the validity of the remaining portion of this Ordinance.

Section 9. Inclusion in the Code. It is the intent of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this Ordinance shall become and be made a part of the Lake County Code and that the sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section", "article" or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions.

Section 10. Filing with the Department of State. The clerk shall be and is hereby
 directed forthwith to send a certified copy of this Ordinance to the Secretary of State for the
 State of Florida.

Section 11. Effective. This Ord Secretary of the State.	dinance shall become effective upon filing wit
Enacted this day of	, 2013.
Filed with the Secretary of State	, 2013.
	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONE
ATTEST:	OF LAKE COUNTY, FLORIDA
Neil Kelly, Clerk of the	Leslie Campione, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners of Lake County, Florida	Leslie Campione, Chairman
Approved as to form and legality:	
Sanford A. Minkoff	
County Attorney	